## Phase 2 : Innovation



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## Project 4: Electricity Prices Prediction

**Objective :**

* The electricity price prediction task is based on a case study where you need to predict daily price of electricity based on the daily consumption of heavy machinery used by businessess.

**Code :**

**Data Source :**  Utilize a dataset containing historical electricity prices and relevant factors like date, demand, supply, weather conditions, and economic indicators.

Load your electricity price dataset

import pandas as pd

data = pd.read\_csv('Electricity.csv')

**Data Preprocessing :**

print(data.describe()) # Summary statistics

print(data.isnull().sum()) # Check for missing values

# Handle missing values (if any)

data.fillna(data.mean(), inplace=True)

# Remove duplicate values (if any)

data = data.drop\_duplicates()

**Feature Engineering :**

# Time-based features

data['Date'] = pd.to\_datetime(data['Date'])

data['Year'] = data['Date'].dt.year

data['Month'] = data['Date'].dt.month

data['DayOfWeek'] = data['Date'].dt.dayofweek

# Lagged variables

data['ElectricityPrice\_Lag1'] = data['ElectricityPrice'].shift(1)

data['ElectricityPrice\_Lag7'] = data['ElectricityPrice'].shift(7)

**Model Selection :**

from statsmodels.tsa.arima\_model import ARIMA

# Define the ARIMA order (p, d, q)

p = 1 # Example value

d = 1 # Example value

q = 1 # Example value

# Create the ARIMA model

model = ARIMA(data['ElectricityPrice'], order=(p, d, q))

# Fit the model to the data

model\_fit = model.fit()

# Print the summary of the model

print(model\_fit.summary())

**Model Training :**

# Split the data into training and testing sets

train\_size = int(len(data) \* 0.8)

train, test = data['ElectricityPrice'][:train\_size], data['ElectricityPrice'][train\_size:]

# Initialize and fit the ARIMA model on the training data

model = ARIMA(train, order=(p, d, q))

model\_fit = model.fit()

# Print the summary of the model

print(model\_fit.summary())

**Evaluation :**

# Make predictions on the test set

predictions = model\_fit.forecast(steps=len(test))

# Calculate MAE, MSE, RMSE (import necessary libraries)

from sklearn.metrics import mean\_absolute\_error, mean\_squared\_error

import math

mae = mean\_absolute\_error(test, predictions)

mse = mean\_squared\_error(test, predictions)

rmse = math.sqrt(mse)

# Print the evaluation results

print(f'Mean Absolute Error (MAE): {mae}')

print(f'Mean Squared Error (MSE): {mse}')

print(f'Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): {rmse}')

**codings:**

Load your electricity price dataset

import pandas as pd

data = pd.read\_csv('Electricity.csv')

print(data.describe()) # Summary statistics

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# Handle missing values (if any)

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data = data.drop\_duplicates()

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print(f'Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): {rmse}')

**NOTE :** Run the program with compiler with csv.file